Annual Plan 2016/17



ROTORUA

Te kaunihera o ngã roto o Rotorua



Rotorua district lies within the Bay of Plenty Regional Council and Waikato Regional Council areas. According to oral history, many of Rotorua's Māori residents trace their ancestry to Tamatekapua, the captain of the Arawa canoe that arrived in New Zealand from the fabled homeland of *Hawaiki* more than six centuries ago. The Arawa canoe was beached at Maketu on the Bay of Plenty coast where the new arrivals settled down to live.

They had been at Maketu for some time when an ancestor called Kahumatamomoe journeyed inland to explore. He discovered what is now known as Lake Rotorua, and settled at what is now Kawaha Point.



The total size of the Rotorua district is 261,906 hectares. This consists of 41% forest, 43% agriculture and 8% lakes.

Rotorua's central business district (CBD) is located on the southern shore of Lake Rotorua. The city is nestled in a huge, ancient caldera 20km across at its widest point and 16km at the narrowest, with Lake Rotorua nearly 300 metres above sea level.

The region includes:

- 18 lakes
- 800 hectares of parks, gardens and reserves free for public use
- 3 major rivers
- 7 geothermal fields with hot pools and spectacular steam eruptions
- 100,000 hectares of native and exotic forests with the largest commercial plantation forest in the Southern Hemisphere
- 100,000 hectares of farmland
- 120 wetlands
- Stunning volcanic landscapes with Mt Tarawera, Rainbow Mountain, Mt Ngongotaha and Mokoia Island as local icons
- Hundreds of kilometres of walking, cycling and mountain biking tracks.

The forests, coupled with extensive trees and gardens in the city, suburbs and parks, support a rich and varied bird life, both native and introduced. Some of New Zealand's rarer birds, such as the formerly endangered kokako and the spectacular native falcon, karearea, thrive in the district.

Contents



Mihi 2
Message from the mayor and chief executive . 3
Your Council5
Rotorua Lakes Community Board 5
Our vision - Rotorua 2030 6
Capital expenditure by activity 8
Council's major projects to deliver in 2016/179
Financial Summary
Delivering our services
Purpose of financial statements
statement
Funding impact statement
statement23

Roads and Footpaths – Funding impact statement. Sewerage and Sewage – Funding impact statement Stormwater and Land Drainage – Funding impact	
statement	26
Waste Management – Funding impact statement	27
Water Supplies – Funding impact statement	28
Financial Prudence Regulations	29
Reserve Fund Statements	30
Funding and policies	31
Rates funding impact statement	
Rating maps	

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HE TIROHANGA WHAKAMURI KI TE ANGA WHAKAMUA: LOOKING TO THE PAST TO FORGE THE FUTURE

Tēnei te mihi maioha mai te Kaunihera kia koutou Koutou noa, tō tatau hāpori pounamu

Pānui mai, Kōrero mai ki ngā taketake, ki ngā kaupapa e whai ake nei Nō reira, Piki Mai, Kake Mai, Piki Mai, Kake Mai

Warm greetings to you all from Council staff and elected representatives to all of you, our unique and special community

We invite you to read and comment on the report that follows.

WHAKATANGI TE HAU KI TE URU WHAKATANGI TE HAU KI TE TONGA KIA MĀKINAKINA KI TAI KIA MĀTARATARA KI UTA

> E HĪ AKE ANA I TE ATAKURA HE HUKA HE HOU HŪ

Whether the wind blows from the West
Whether the wind blows from the South
Let there be peace o'er the land
And calm o'er the sea
Let the red-tipped dawn come
With a touch of frost
And the promise of a glorious day



There is a growing sense Rotorua has turned a corner. Many of the signs of low to nil growth are being replaced by activity and progress as our district becomes better positioned to take advantage of opportunities to assist and encourage growth within our industries and communities.

In this annual plan document we outline some \$29.6m of capital works to be delivered on behalf of this community during the 2016-17 year. The detail of those projects is on pages 8-9 of this document.

These projects have been scheduled as the result of community-informed decisions, based on the Long Term Plan process of 2015, and feedback received by council from groups and individuals towards this annual plan.

This council is now on a direction where increased financial scrutiny and focus following the adoption of a new financial strategy in late 2013 is starting to show positive gains to support the upcoming works programme for 2016-17.

For the second year in succession this council is expecting to be paying down debt. This is a positive turnaround considering the districts debt doubled during the six years prior to 2014.

This annual plan supports the approach to sustainably manage the debt across what is the second year of our long term plan. Council continues to focus on retiring debt while still supporting sustainable growth in the district. There is no forecast to exceed our capacity to borrow in the next 10 years.

We have been able to keep the general rates increase in line with the Local Government inflation index which supports the rating direction of our adopted long term plan.

It is particularly pleasing that our finances and financial processes have been tested and signed off by external organisations like Fitch Ratings and Audit NZ which both understand the financial approach we are taking.

Sustainably managing debt and continuing the drive to be a more effective and efficient organisation remain over-arching challenges for council to deliver on during this annual plan period.

This needs to be coupled with the ability to maintain and improve our community's opportunities to absorb and capitalise on growing nett migration of people wanting to visit and relocate to the Rotorua district.



The merging of Grow Rotorua and Destination Rotorua into a Council Controlled Organisation will enhance our economic drive.

Rotorua is becoming an attractive choice with New Zealand and international investors taking a close interest in what we have on offer.

There is growing positive evidence in indicators like real estate (sales and prices), commercial developments, retail spending and visitor numbers support the view that Rotorua has become busier.

We are confident this annual plan supports the community's more immediate needs and desire to continue the work to advance Rotorua further.

Shadis

Hon Steve Chadwick JP Rotorua Mayor

G WINZIN-5

Geoff Williams Chief Executive





Back [L-R]: Mike McVicker, Rob Kent, Peter Bentley, Karen Hunt, Mark Gould, Charles Sturt, Tania Tapsell

Front [L-R]: Trevor Maxwell, Janet Wepa, Dave Donaldson (Deputy Mayor), Glenys Searancke, Steve Chadwick (Mayor), Geoff Williams (Chief Executive), Merepeka Raukawa-Tait



[L-R]: **Phill Thomass Peter Bentley** Geoff Palmer (Chair) Rob Kent Leo Meharry

John Dyer

Our vision - Rotorua 2030

Following the 2013 elections the council set about building a collective vision and direction for Rotorua. The mayor and councillors recognised that without a new approach, commitment and direction we would not be able to build the community we aspire to have. The vision of Rotorua 2030 is:

2030

This is our home

We are its people

We're connected to each other through culture and community

We're innovative and we share what we learn

We're driving opportunity, enterprise and diversity

We're supporting a legacy of sustainability for our environment

Rotorua is a place for everyone. Tatau Tatau – we together

Supporting this vision are seven 2030 goals:



A RESILIENT COMMUNITY

He hāpori pūmanawa ...inclusive, liveable and safe neighbourhoods give us a sense of place; and confidence to be involved and connected



HOMES THAT MATCH NEEDS

Kāinga noho kainga haumaru...quality, affordable homes are safe, warm, and available



OUTSTANDING PLACES TO PLAY

Papa whakatipu...recreation opportunities are part of our lifestyle; connecting us, transporting us and surrounding us



VIBRANT CITY HEART

Waahi pūmanawa...our inviting and thriving inner city reflects our unique heritage and lakeside location



BUSINESS INNOVATION AND PROSPERITY

Whakawhanake pākihi ...we boast a diverse and sustainable economy energised by our natural resources and innovative people



EMPLOYMENT CHOICES

He huarahi hōu...we are a prosperous connected community; growing our education, training and employment opportunities



ENHANCED ENVIRONMENT

Tiakina to taiao...we are known globally for our clean, natural environment, air quality and healthy lakes

To drive progress towards the Rotorua 2030 goals, four shorter term priorities were identified that would focus the council and community during the current council term 2013-2016.

The 2016 priorities are:

- 1. Develop a vibrant city heart that attracts people and activity
- 2. Develop our economic base by growing existing and attracting new businesses to our region
- 3. Support reinvigorated neighbourhoods and the creation of healthy homes
- 4. Sustainable infrastructure and affordable, effective council services

To deliver the 2016 priorities and progress Rotorua 2030, the Rotorua Lakes Council have needed to work and behave differently. This new way of working is reflected through our commitments:

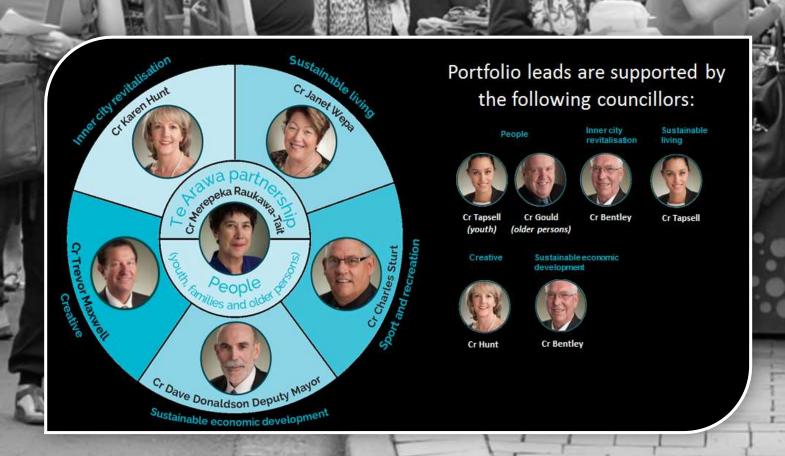
- Engaging with the community to develop a unified accord for a clear new future
- Supporting community leadership of our new strategies
- Developing a new partnership model with Te Arawa
- Working innovatively, outside traditional delivery mechanisms, to drive more cost-effective and more efficient services
- Ensuring all our work programmes align with the district's ambitions
- Reshaping our council to be more effective and responsive.



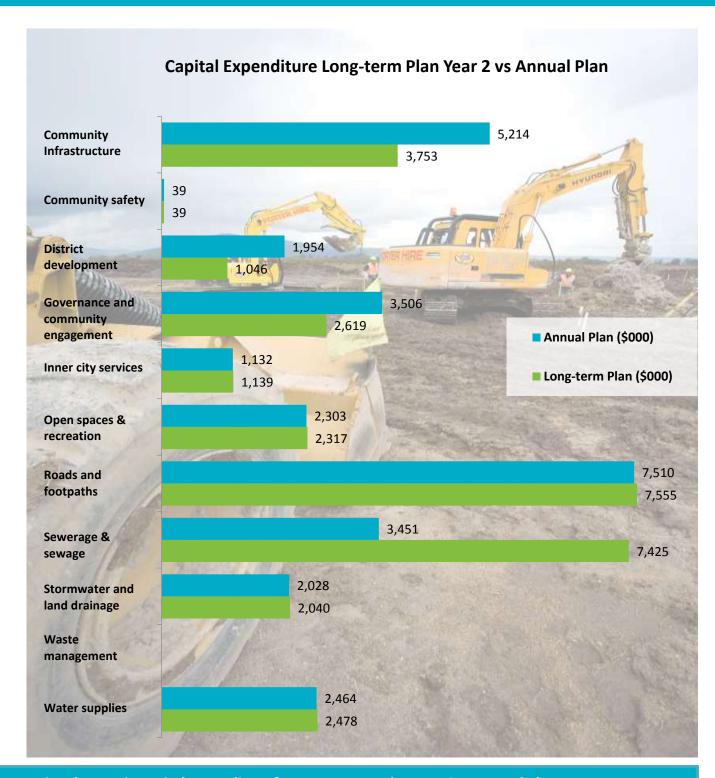
Engaging and working with our community

Engaging and working with our community

Delivering Rotorua 2030 has been via seven portfolio areas that were identified to support the 2030 goals. Each portfolio has worked with a wide range of stakeholders, community groups and leaders developing our now developed strategy. These strategies have set short and long term projects, initiatives and relationships to improve our district. The seven portfolios are:



Capital expenditure by activity



Major changes in capital expenditure from Long-term Plan year 2 to Annual Plan

Community Facilities - Library child health hub + \$1.4m

District Development - i-SITE earth quake strengthening + \$0.9m

Governance - Enterprise resource planning system + \$0.9m

Sewage Disposal - Terax thermal deconstruction plant - \$3.9m

Council's major projects to deliver in 2016/17

Community Infrastructure

Infrastructure	
Council Activities	\$000
Aquatic Centre	598
-Building renewals	121
-Pipe renewals	412
-Plant and equipment renewals	64
Community House and Halls	17
-Community Hall renewals	17
Events and Venues	324
-Rotorua Energy Events Centre renewals	113
-Sir Howard Morrison Performing Arts Centre renewals	212
Library	3,690
-Upgrades and renewals	168
-Youth health precinct joint DHB project	3,522
Museum	557
-Collection development and renewals	18
-Rotorua Museum building and Government Gardens	250
-Upgrade of "Rotorua Stories"	288
Pensioner Housing	28
-Pensioner housing renewals	28
Total	\$5,214

Community Safety

Council Activities	\$000
Emergency Management	9
-Rural fire equipment renewals	9
Regulatory Services	30
-Animal control asset renewals	30
Total	\$39



Council Activities	\$000
Economic Development	
-EQ strengthening of tourism i-site	1,954
Total	\$1,954

Governance and Community Engagement

Council Activities	\$000
Corporate	
-New core hardware	130
-Civic Centre renewals and upgrades	359
-Civic centre refurbishment	563
Civic RSA geothermal heating project	55
-Core hardware replacements	307
-Core software replacements	217
-Ductile columns for EQ strengthening & strengthening of chambers	139
-New ERP system	1,596
-Vaughan Road Depot renewals	142
Total	\$3,506
1000-000	

Inner City Services

Council Activities	\$000
CBD Services	
-CBD Projects	1,132
Total	\$1.132

Roads and Footpaths

Council Activities	\$000
-Amenity lighting	39
-Minor safety projects	476
-Passenger transport infrastructure	87
-Rails and guard rails	43
-Rural seal extensions	606
-Rural villages	260
-Urban cycleways	433
-Urban street upgrades	217
-Transport subsidised renewal programme	4,686
-Transport unsubsidised renewal programme	663
Total	\$7,510

Open Spaces and Recreation

Council Activities	\$000
Parks and Reserves (open spaces)	
-Cemetery development and improvements	563
-Eastside youth space development	87
-General reserves development	43
-Kuirau park development	217
-Parks land purchases	260
-Reinvigoration of neighbourhoods	217
-Streamside improvements	17
-Waipa mountain bike track carpark upgrade	130
-Walkway development	20
-Parks and reserves renewal programme	750
Total	\$2,303

Sewe

Sewerage and Sewage

Council Activities	\$000
-MBR Cover	169
-Rotoiti/Rotoma sewage system	866
-Terax thermal deconstruction plant	400
-Wastewater treatment and disposal upgrade	667
-Sewage renewal programme	1,349
Total	\$3,451

Stormwater and Land Drainage

Total	\$2,028
-Stormwater renewal programme	2,028
Council Activities	\$000

Water Supplies

\$000
704
310
1,449
\$2,464

Grand Total: \$29.601m

Financial Summary

Prospective Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense	Long-term Plan		Annual Plan
Prospective Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense	2015/2016	2016/2017	2016/2017
For the year ended 30 June:	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)
General and Targeted Rates	79,381	81,611	81,426
Other Revenue	30,008	29,203	25,976
Total Revenue	109,389	110,814	107,402
Personnel Costs	26,784	27,284	24,840
Depreciation and amortisation expense	25,023	25,762	25,220
Other expenses	48,509	49,127	49,688
Finance Costs	8,293	8,563	7,569
Total Expenditure	108,610	110,736	107,317
Net Surplus	779	78	85

Prospective Statement of Financial Position	Long-term Plan		Annual Plan
Prospective Statement of Financial Position	2015/2016	2016/2017	2016/2017
as at 30 June:	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)
Current Assets	11,097	11,244	10,938
Non-Current Assets	1,167,254	1,197,935	1,205,193
Total Assets	1,178,351	1,209,179	1,216,131
Current liabilities	59,970	60,632	44,402
Non-Current liabilities	123,254	126,311	146,486
Total liabilities	183,224	186,943	190,888
Net Assets	995,127	1,022,236	1,025,243
Equity	995,127	1,022,236	1,025,243

Prospective Statement of Cash flows	Long-term Plan		Annual Plan
Prospective Statement of Cash Hows	2015/2016	2016/2017	2016/2017
For the year ended 30 June:	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)
Net cash from operating activities	26,358	26,385	25,582
Net cash from investing activities	(33,358)	(29,386)	(28,582)
Net cash from financing activities	7,000	3,000	
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents and bank overdraft	-	-	(3,000)
Cash and cash equivalents and bank overdraft at beginning of the year	1,000	1,000	4,000
Cash and cash equivalents and bank overdrafts at end of the year	1,000	1,000	1,000

Delivering our services

TATAU TATAU
WE TOGETHER

Council delivers a large number of services that keeps our district running well and improves people's lives.

These services make the district a fantastic place to live, work, visit and invest in.



COMMUNITY INFRASTRUCTURE

Enriching communities, show our unique cultural history, and promote vibrancy



COMMUNITY SAFETY

Building resilient communities by minimising the risks to public health, security and personal safety



DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT

Position Rotorua as a great place to visit, live, work, invest and do business



GOVERNANCE AND COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

Setting the future direction and priorities for our district



INNER CITY SERVICES

Create a 'destination within a destination' to draw in our people and visitors



ROADS AND FOOTPATHS

Provide a safe and efficient transport network that supports the district's economy



OPEN SPACES AND RECREATION

Provide a wide array of open spaces and recreational opportunities that we can be proud of



SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE

Provide for the removal of sewage and liquid trade wastes from communities



STORMWATER AND LAND DRAINAGE

Manage the drainage of excess rainfall so property and people are protected from flood damage



WASTE MANAGEMENT

Provide for the collection, reduction, re-use, recycling and disposal of waste



WATER SUPPLY

Provide cost-effective, constant, adequate, sustainable and high quality supply of water

Making Rotorua a great place to live, work, visit and invest

Measuring our service performance

The Long-term Plan 2015-2025 sets a performance framework that measures our services. These are reported to the council and community throughout the year and in Council's annual reports which are published in late September/early October each year.

For a full set of the performance measures, see Council's Long-term Plan.

Purpose of financial statements

Prospective statement of comprehensive income

This statement discloses the net surplus or deficit and their components, arising from activities or events during the year that are significant for assessing past and future financial performance.

Prospective statement of financial position

Information about economic resources controlled by Council and its capacity to modify those resources is useful in assessing Council's ability to generate cash and/or provide services in the future. Information about the financing structure is useful in assessing future borrowing needs, and how future surpluses and cashflows may be distributed. The information is also useful in assessing how successful the council is likely to be in raising further finance.

Prospective statement of cash flows

This statement reflects Council's prospective cash receipts and cash payments during the year and provides useful information about the Council's activities in generating cash through operations to:

- Repay debt; or
- Reinvest to maintain or expand operating capacity.

Statement of accounting policies

The accounting policies adopted by Council can have a significant impact on financial and service performance, financial position and cash flows that are reported in its financial reports. Therefore, for an appreciation of those reports, users need to be aware of:

- a) the measurement system underlying preparation of financial reports; and
- b) the accounting policies followed in respect of individual items in the financial reports, especially where there are acceptable alternatives for dealing with such items; and
- c) any changes in the measurement system, assumptions or particular accounting policies.

For a full set of accounting policies refer to the Long-term Plan 2015-2025 available on council's website: rotorualakescouncil.nz



Prospective statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

	Long-te	rm Plan	Annual Plan
For the year ended 30 June:	2015/2016	2016/2017	2016/2017
	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)
Revenue			
Rates, excluding targeted water supply rates	75,291	77,406	77,226
Targeted Rates for water supply	4,090	4,206	4,200
Development and financial Contributions	-	-	-
Subsidies and grants (Incl Capital Subsidies)	9,962	8,458	7,650
Other revenue	19,995	20,695	18,225
Finance Income	50	50	100
Gains	-	-	-
Total Revenue	109,389	110,814	107,402
<u>Expenditure</u>			
Personnel Costs	26,784	27,284	24,840
Depreciation and amortisation expense	25,023	25,762	25,220
Other expenses	48,509	49,127	49,688
Finance Costs	8,293	8,563	7,569
Total operating expenditure	108,610	110,736	107,317
Surplus/ (deficit) for the period	779	78	85
Loss for the period from	773	76	83
discontinued operations	_	_	_
Surplus/(deficit) before tax	779	78	85
Income tax expense	- 775	78	- 83
Surplus/(deficit) after tax	779	78	85
on proof (across of an ex-			
Other Comprehensive Income			
Revaluation on property, plant and equipment	24,123	27,031	27,031
Revaluation on intangibles	- ·/ 5	,-52	,552
Net change in fair value of investments	_	_	_
Net change in fair value of hedges	_	_	-
Other comprehensive Income	24,123	27,031	27,031
Total Comprehensive	24,902	27,109	27,116

Prospective statement of changes in Net assets/ Equity

	Long-te	Long-term Plan		
as at 30 June	2015/2016 (\$000)	2016/2017 (\$000)	2016/2017 (\$000)	
Balance as at 1 July	970,225	995,127	998,127	
Total Comprehensive Income as stated	24,902	27,109	27,116	
Balance at 30 June	995,127	1,022,236	1,025,243	
Total Comprehensive Income attributable to:	24,902	27,109	27,116	

Prospective statement of financial position

	Long-te	Annual Plan	
s at 30 June:	2015/2016	2016/2017	2016/2017
	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash & Cash Equivalents	1,000	1,000	1,000
Debtors & other receivables	8,769	8,883	8,610
Inventories	1,328	1,361	1,328
Derivative Financial Instruments	-	-	-
Non-Current Assets held for sale	-	_	_
Total Current Assets	11,097	11,244	10,938
Non-Current Assets			
Loans & Receivables (Airport Loans)	-	_	15,000
Property, plant and equipment	1,133,225	1,163,906	1,156,164
Investment Property	-	-	-
Intangible Assets	2,559	2,559	2,559
Other Financial Assets	31,470	31,470	31,470
Total Non-Current Assets	1,167,254	1,197,935	1,205,193
Total Assets	1,178,351	1,209,179	1,216,131
	, ,	, ,	, ,
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Current Liabilities			
Creditors and Other Payables	17,027	17,558	17,487
Provisions	672	689	672
Employee Benefit Liabilities	6,121	6,235	6,243
Borrowings	36,150	36,150	20,000
Derivative Financial Instruments	50,150	30,130	20,000
Taxation Payable	_	_	_
Total Current Liabilities	59,970	60,632	44,402
Total Current Liabilities	33,370	00,032	44,402
Non-current liabilities			
Borrowings	120,925	123,925	129,100
Borrowings held on behalf of Airport	-	-	15,000
Provisions	2,075	2,127	2,127
Employee Benefit Liabilities	254	259	259
Total Non-current liabilities	123,254	126,311	146,486
Total Liabilities	183,224	186,943	190,888
Net Assets	995,127	1,022,236	1,025,243
THE ASSES	333,127	1,022,230	1,023,243
Net Assets/ Equity			
Capital Contributed by			
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and Expenses	733,757	733,480	736,487
Restricted Equity	4,513	4,867	4,867
Reserves	4,515 256,858	283,889	283,889
Minority Interest	230,636	203,003	203,009
Total Net Assets/ Equity	005 127	1,022,236	1,025,243
Total Net Assets/ Equity	995,127	1,022,230	1,025,243

Prospective statement of cashflows

	Long-term Plan		
For the year ended 30 June:	2015/2016	2016/2017	Annual Plan 2016/2017
ror the year chaca sosaire.	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)
Cash flows from operating activities	(1222)		(1000)
Receipts from rates revenue	79,381	81,611	81,426
Receipts from customers and other services	19,995	20,695	18,225
Receipts from Grants and Subsidies	9,962	8,458	7,650
Goods and Services Tax (Net)	-	-	-
Interest received	50	50	100
Dividends received	-	-	-
Payments to suppliers	(47,953)	(48,696)	(49,533)
Payments to employees	(26,784)	(27,170)	(24,718)
Interest paid	(8,293)	(8,563)	(7,569)
Income tax refund/(paid)	-	-	-
Net cash from operating activities	26,358	26,385	25,582
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from medium term investments	-	-	-
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	1,000	1,025	1,019
Proceeds from community loan repayments	-	-	-
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(34,358)	(30,411)	(29,601)
Purchase of intangible assets	-	-	-
Purchase of other investments	-	-	
Net cash from investing activities	(33,358)	(29,386)	(28,582)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings	7,000	3,000	-
Repayment of borrowings			<u>-</u>
Net cash from financing activities	7,000	3,000	-
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents and bank overdraft	-		(3,000)
Cash and cash equivalents and bank overdraft at beginning of the year	1,000	1,000	4,000
Cash and cash equivalents and bank overdrafts at end of the year	1,000	1,000	1,000

Overall council – Funding impact statement

Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts Total operating funding (A) Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance Cost Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves Increase (decrease) of investments	ong-term	n Plan	Annual Plan
General Rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties 47,0 Targeted Rates 32,3 Subsidies and grants for operating purposes 3,2 Fees and charges 6,6 Interest and Dividends from Investments Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts 13,3 Total operating funding (A) 102,6 Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers 75,2 Finance Cost 8,2 Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) 83,5 Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 19,0 Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 6,7 Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt 7,0 Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C) 14,7 Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - 13,5 - to replace existing assets 10,0 Increase (decrease) in reserves (5 Increase (decrease) in reserves (5 Increase (decrease) in reserves (5 Increase (decrease) of investments	/16	2016/17	2016/1
General Rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties 47,0 Targeted Rates 32,3 Subsidies and grants for operating purposes 5,6 Interest and Dividends from Investments Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts 13,3 Total operating funding (A) 102,6 Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers 75,2 Sirnance Cost Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (B) Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves Increase (decrease) of investments	000)	(\$000)	(\$000
Targeted Rates Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees and charges Interest and Dividends from Investments Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts Total operating funding (A) Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance Cost Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (B-B) Surplus (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves Increase (decrease) of investments			
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees and charges Interest and Dividends from Investments Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts Interest and Dividends from Investments Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts Interest and Dividending (A) Interest and Dividending (A) Interest and Suppliers Interest and Supplications Interest and Supplications Interest and Supplications Interest and Supplications Increase (decrease) in debt Interest and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Interest and financial funding Interest and other receipts In)19	48,350	48,304
Fees and charges Interest and Dividends from Investments Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts 13,3 Total operating funding (A) 102,6 Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance Cost Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (B) Sources of capital funding Sousidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves Increase (decrease) of investments	862	33,262	33,122
Interest and Dividends from Investments Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts 13,3 Total operating funding (A) 102,6 Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance Cost Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (B) Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves Increase (decrease) in reserves Increase (decrease) of investments	236	3,302	3,636
Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts Total operating funding (A) Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance Cost Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves Increase (decrease) of investments	35	6,868	7,902
Total operating funding (A) Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance Cost Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves Increase (decrease) of investments	50	50	100
Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers 75,2 Finance Cost 8,2 Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) 83,5 Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 19,0 Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 6,7 Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt 7,0 Gross proceeds from sale of assets 1,0 Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 13,5 - to replace existing assets (5 Increase (decrease) of investments	862	13,830	10,326
Payments to staff and suppliers Finance Cost Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves Increase (decrease) of investments	64	105,662	103,390
Payments to staff and suppliers Finance Cost Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets 1,0 Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves (5 Increase (decrease) of investments			
Finance Cost Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets 1,0 Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves Increase (decrease) of investments	OE	76 407	74 525
Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves Increase (decrease) of investments		76,407	74,527
Total applications of operating funding (B) Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves Increase (decrease) of investments	.91	8,563	7,570
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 6,7 Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt 7,0 Gross proceeds from sale of assets 1,0 Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 13,5 - to replace existing assets 20,8 Increase (decrease) in reserves (5 Increase (decrease) of investments	-	- 04.070	92.00
Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 6,7 Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt 7,0 Gross proceeds from sale of assets 1,0 Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C) 14,7 Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 13,5 - to replace existing assets 20,8 Increase (decrease) in reserves (5 Increase (decrease) of investments	080	84,970	82,097
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves Increase (decrease) of investments)78	20,692	21,293
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C) Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves Increase (decrease) of investments			
Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt 7,0 Gross proceeds from sale of assets 1,0 Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C) 14,7 Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 13,5 - to replace existing assets 20,8 Increase (decrease) in reserves (5 Increase (decrease) of investments	777	F 1FC	4.014
Increase (decrease) in debt 7,0 Gross proceeds from sale of assets 1,0 Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C) 14,7 Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 13,5 - to replace existing assets 20,8 Increase (decrease) in reserves (5 Increase (decrease) of investments	27	5,156	4,014
Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C) Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves Increase (decrease) of investments	-	2 000	-
Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C) Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves Increase (decrease) of investments		3,000	-
Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C) Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves (5)	000	1,025	1,025
Total sources of capital funding (C) Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service - to replace existing assets Increase (decrease) in reserves (5)	-	-	-
Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 13,5 - to replace existing assets 20,8 Increase (decrease) in reserves (5 Increase (decrease) of investments	-		-
Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 13,5 - to replace existing assets 20,8 Increase (decrease) in reserves (5 Increase (decrease) of investments	'27	9,181	5,039
- to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 13,5 - to replace existing assets 20,8 Increase (decrease) in reserves (5 Increase (decrease) of investments			
- to improve the level of service 13,5 - to replace existing assets 20,8 Increase (decrease) in reserves (5 Increase (decrease) of investments	-	-	-
- to replace existing assets 20,8 ncrease (decrease) in reserves (5 ncrease (decrease) of investments	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in reserves (5 Increase (decrease) of investments	540	12,121	8,119
Increase (decrease) of investments	318	18,290	21,483
ncrease (decrease) of investments	552)	(538)	(3,268
	-	-	-
	805	29,873	26,332
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D) (19,0	1781	(20,692)	(21,293
(19,0	70)	(20,032)	(21,293

Community Infrastructure – Funding impact statement

Sources of operating funding General Rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties Targeted Rates Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees and charges Internal charges and overheads recovered Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts 4, Total operating funding (A) Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance Cost Internal charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) 15, Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 1, Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,0 1,	cong-term 5/16 0000) 696 - 276 535 93 776 376	2016/17 (\$000) 11,817 - 276 1,589 96 4,943 18,721	2016/17 (\$000 12,168 - 276 1,603 10 4,986 19,043
General Rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties General Rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees and charges Internal charges and overheads recovered Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts 4, Total operating funding (A) Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance Cost Internal charges and overheads applied 2, Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) 15, Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 1, Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 1, Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,	696 - 276 535 93 776	11,817 - 276 1,589 96 4,943	12,168 - 276 1,603 10 4,986
General Rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties Targeted Rates Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees and charges Internal charges and overheads recovered Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts A, Total operating funding (A) Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers Finance Cost Internal charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) 15, Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 1, Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 1, Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,	- 276 535 93 776	276 1,589 96 4,943	- 276 1,603 10 4,986
Targeted Rates Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees and charges Internal charges and overheads recovered Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts 4, Total operating funding (A) 17, Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers 12, Finance Cost Internal charges and overheads applied 2, Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) 15, Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 1, Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 1, Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,	- 276 535 93 776	276 1,589 96 4,943	- 276 1,603 10 4,986
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes Fees and charges 1, Internal charges and overheads recovered Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts 4, Total operating funding (A) 17, Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers 12, Finance Cost Internal charges and overheads applied 2, Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) 15, Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 1, Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 1, Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,	535 93 776 376	1,589 96 4,943	1,603 10 4,986
Fees and charges Internal charges and overheads recovered Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts 4, Total operating funding (A) 17, Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers 12, Finance Cost Internal charges and overheads applied 2, Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) 15, Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 1, Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 1, Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,	535 93 776 376	1,589 96 4,943	1,603 10 4,986
Internal charges and overheads recovered Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts 4, Total operating funding (A) 17, Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers 12, Finance Cost Internal charges and overheads applied 2, Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) 15, Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 1, Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 1, Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,	93 776 376	96 4,943	4,986
Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts 4, Total operating funding (A) 17, Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers 12, Finance Cost Internal charges and overheads applied 2, Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) 15, Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 1, Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 1, Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,	776 376	4,943	4,986
Total operating funding (A) 17, Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers 12, Finance Cost Internal charges and overheads applied 2, Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) 15, Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 1, Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 1, Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure 1, Application of capital funding Capital expenditure 1, Increase (Application of Capital funding (C) 1, Capital expenditure 1, Increase (Application of Capital funding (C) 1, Capital expenditure 1, In the funding (C) 1, Capital expenditure 1, In the funding (C) 1, Capital expenditure 1, Capi	376		
Total operating funding (A) 17, Applications of operating funding Payments to staff and suppliers 12, Finance Cost Internal charges and overheads applied 2, Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) 15, Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 1, Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 1, Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure 1, Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,		18,721	19,043
Payments to staff and suppliers Finance Cost Internal charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 12, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 27, 28, 39, 30, 30, 30, 31, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 36, 37, 38, 38, 39, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30	251		
Payments to staff and suppliers Finance Cost Internal charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 12, 22, 24, 25, 26, 27, 27, 28, 39, 30, 30, 30, 31, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 36, 37, 38, 38, 39, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30	251		
Finance Cost Internal charges and overheads applied 2, Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) 15, Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 1, Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 1, Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure 1, Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,		12,590	12,362
Internal charges and overheads applied Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) 15, Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 1, Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 2, Capital expenditure 1, 2, 2, 2, 3, 4, 5, 5, 6, 6, 7, 7, 8, 8, 9, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	999	1,049	974
Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B) 15, Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) 1, Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 1, Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,	381	2,449	2,481
Total applications of operating funding (B) Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,	-	2,443	2,401
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B) Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 1, Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,	631	16,088	15,817
Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure 1, Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C) 1, Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,			
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,	745	2,633	3,226
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C) Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,			
Development and financial contributions Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C) 1, Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,	403	_	-
Increase (decrease) in debt Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C)	-	_	-
Gross proceeds from sale of assets Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C) Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,	-	_	-
Lump sum contributions Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C) Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,	-	_	-
Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C) Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,	_	_	-
Total sources of capital funding (C) Application of capital funding Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,	_	_	-
Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,	403	-	-
Capital expenditure - to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,			
- to meet additional demand - to improve the level of service 1,			
- to improve the level of service 1,			
	-	-	-
- to replace existing assets 2.	295	33	33
		3,720	5,181
	988	(1,120)	(1,988
Increase (decrease) of investments	988 135)	-	-
Total applications of capital funding (D) 3,		2,633	3,226
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D) (1,			(3,226

Community Safety – Funding impact statement

Community safety	Long-term Plan Ar	Long-term Plan	
	2015/16	2016/17	2016/1
	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000
Sources of operating funding			
General Rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties	1,364	1,369	1,341
Targeted Rates	-	-	-
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	10	10	10
Fees and charges	1,933	2,001	2,018
Internal charges and overheads recovered	-	-	-
Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts	104	108	109
Total operating funding (A)	3,411	3,488	3,478
Applications of operating funding			
Payments to staff and suppliers	2,393	2,441	2,433
Finance Cost	-	-	-
nternal charges and overheads applied	1,018	1,047	1,045
Other operating funding applications			
Total applications of operating funding (B)	3,411	3,488	3,478
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	-	-	-
Courses of control founding			
Sources of capital funding			
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	-	-	-
Development and financial contributions	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in debt	-	-	_
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-
Other dedicated capital funding Total sources of capital funding (C)	-	-	-
rotal sources of capital fullding (C)	-	-	_
Application of capital funding			
Capital expenditure			
- to meet additional demand	-	-	-
- to improve the level of service	-	-	-
- to replace existing assets	20	39	39
Increase (decrease) in reserves	(20)	(39)	(39
Increase (decrease) of investments	-	-	-
Total applications of capital funding (D)	-	-	-
Summer (definit) of comital funding (C.D.)			
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	-	-	_
Funding balance ((A-B)+(C-D))			

District Development – Funding impact statement

51.1.1.5				
District Development				Annual Plan
	2015/16	2016/17	2016/17	
	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)	
Sources of operating funding				
General Rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties	7,957	8,188	8,013	
Targeted Rates	5,580	5,738	5,667	
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	90	91	90	
Fees and charges	1,480	1,532	1,093	
Internal charges and overheads recovered	-	-	-	
Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts	1,770	1,832	102	
Total operating funding (A)	16,877	17,381	14,965	
Applications of operating funding				
Payments to staff and suppliers	13,408	13,709	11,623	
Finance Cost	1,160	1,198	1,010	
Internal charges and overheads applied	1,691	1,740	1,123	
Other operating funding applications	-	-	-	
Total applications of operating funding (B)	16,259	16,647	13,756	
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	618	734	1,209	
Sources of capital funding				
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	-	-	-	
Development and financial contributions	-	-	-	
Increase (decrease) in debt	-	-	-	
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-	
Other dedicated capital funding	-	-		
Total sources of capital funding (C)	-	-	-	
Application of capital funding				
Capital expenditure				
- to meet additional demand	-	-	-	
- to improve the level of service	-	-	-	
- to replace existing assets	1,020	1,046	1,954	
Increase (decrease) in reserves	(402)	(312)	(745)	
Increase (decrease) of investments	-	-		
Total applications of capital funding (D)	618	734	1,209	
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(618)	(734)	(1,209)	
Funding balance ((A-B)+(C-D))	-	-	-	

Governance and Community Engagement

Funding impact statement

Governance and Community Engagement	Long-ter	m Plan	Annual Plan
	2015/16	2016/17	2016/17
	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)
Sources of operating funding			
General Rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties	3,864	3,579	4,047
Targeted Rates	53	55	54
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	53	53	53
Fees and charges	422	437	1,980
Internal charges and overheads recovered	11,848	12,112	10,703
Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts	1,078	1,114	1,066
Total operating funding (A)	17,318	17,350	17,903
Applications of operating funding			
Payments to staff and suppliers	14,792	15,048	15,237
Finance Cost	367	380	323
Internal charges and overheads applied	781	804	808
Other operating funding applications	-	-	-
Total applications of operating funding (B)	15,940	16,232	16,368
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	1,378	1,118	1,535
Sources of capital funding			
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	-	-	-
Development and financial contributions	7 000	-	-
Increase (decrease) in debt	7,000	3,000	-
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	1,000	1,025	1,025
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-
Other dedicated capital funding		- 4.025	4 025
Total sources of capital funding (C)	8,000	4,025	1,025
Application of capital funding			
Capital expenditure			
- to meet additional demand	-	-	-
- to improve the level of service	128	131	130
- to replace existing assets	3,146	2,488	3,376
Increase (decrease) in reserves	6,104	2,524	(946)
Increase (decrease) of investments	-	-	-
Total applications of capital funding (D)	9,378	5,143	2,560
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(1,378)	(1,118)	(1,535)
Funding balance ((A-B)+(C-D))	-	-	-

Inner City Services – Funding impact statement

Inner City Services	Long-ter	m Plan	Annual Pla	
	2015/16	2016/17	2016/17	
	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000	
Sources of operating funding				
General Rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties	1,520	1,560	1,403	
Targeted Rates	-	-	-	
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	-	-	-	
Fees and charges	148	154	155	
Internal charges and overheads recovered	1	1	1	
Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts	2,237	2,315	2,336	
Total operating funding (A)	3,906	4,030	3,895	
Applications of operating funding				
Payments to staff and suppliers	1,508	1,542	1,517	
Finance Cost	86	99	113	
Internal charges and overheads applied	1,550	1,590	1,565	
Other operating funding applications	-	-	-	
Total applications of operating funding (B)	3,144	3,231	3,19	
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	762	799	700	
Sources of capital funding				
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	-	-	-	
Development and financial contributions	-	-	-	
Increase (decrease) in debt	-	-	-	
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-	
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-	
Other dedicated capital funding	-	-		
Total sources of capital funding (C)	-	-	-	
Application of capital funding				
Capital expenditure				
- to meet additional demand	-	-	-	
- to improve the level of service	1,105	1,133	1,126	
- to replace existing assets	153	6	(
Increase (decrease) in reserves	(496)	(340)	(432	
Increase (decrease) of investments	- -	-	-	
Total applications of capital funding (D)	762	799	700	
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(762)	(799)	(700	

Open Spaces and Recreation – Funding impact statement

Open Spaces and Recreation	Long-ter	Long-term Plan	
	2015/16	2016/17	2016/1
	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000
Sources of operating funding			
General Rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties	9,581	9,484	9,054
Targeted Rates	-	-	-
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	5	5	219
Fees and charges	35	36	36
Internal charges and overheads recovered	-	-	-
Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts	654	677	683
Total operating funding (A)	10,275	10,202	9,992
Applications of operating funding			
Payments to staff and suppliers	1,721	1,766	1,735
Finance Cost	851	886	811
Internal charges and overheads applied	5,967	6,097	6,040
Other operating funding applications	-	-	, -
Total applications of operating funding (B)	8,539	8,749	8,586
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	1,736	1,453	1,406
Sources of capital funding			
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	30	31	30
Development and financial contributions	214	214	-
Increase (decrease) in debt	-	-	-
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-
Other dedicated capital funding	-	-	-
Total sources of capital funding (C)	244	245	30
Application of capital funding			
Capital expenditure			
- to meet additional demand	-	-	-
- to improve the level of service	1,615	1,562	1,553
- to replace existing assets	1,494	755	750
Increase (decrease) in reserves	(1,129)	(619)	(867
Increase (decrease) of investments	-	-	
Total applications of capital funding (D)	1,980	1,698	1,436
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(1,736)	(1,453)	(1,406)
Funding balance ((A-B)+(C-D))	-	-	-

Roads and Footpaths – Funding impact statement

Roads and footpaths	Long-term Plan		Annual Plan
	2015/16	2016/17	2016/1
	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000
Sources of operating funding			
General Rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties	8,231	8,921	8,124
Targeted Rates	-	-	-
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	2,588	2,653	2,588
Fees and charges	30	31	31
Internal charges and overheads recovered	-	-	-
Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts	608	629	635
Total operating funding (A)	11,457	12,234	11,378
Applications of operating funding			
Payments to staff and suppliers	6,276	6,427	6,298
Finance Cost	1,870	1,933	1,787
Internal charges and overheads applied	657	675	683
Other operating funding applications	-	-	_
Total applications of operating funding (B)	8,803	9,035	8,768
11 0 00,7	•	•	•
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	2,654	3,199	2,610
Sources of capital funding			
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	2,735	2,995	3,292
Development and financial contributions	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in debt	-	_	-
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	_	-
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-
Other dedicated capital funding	-	-	-
Total sources of capital funding (C)	2,735	2,995	3,292
Application of capital funding			
Capital expenditure			
- to meet additional demand	_	_	_
- to improve the level of service	1,866	2,174	2,161
- to replace existing assets	5,250	5,381	5,349
Increase (decrease) in reserves	(1,727)	(1,361)	(1,608
Increase (decrease) of investments	-	-	(_,;;;
Total applications of capital funding (D)	5,389	6,194	5,902
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(2 CEA)	(2 100)	12 611
surplus (dejicit) oj capital junalng (C-D)	(2,654)	(3,199)	(2,610

Sewerage and Sewage – Funding impact statement

Sewerage and Sewage	Long-ter	m Plan	Annual Plan	
	2015/16	2016/17	2016/17	
	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)	
Sources of operating funding				
General Rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties				
Targeted Rates	14,299	14,687	14,669	
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	-	-	-	
Fees and charges	661	684	690	
Internal charges and overheads recovered	501	514	501	
Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts	1	1	1	
Total operating funding (A)	15,462	15,886	15,861	
Applications of operating funding				
Payments to staff and suppliers	4,921	5,035	4,888	
Finance Cost	735	729	545	
Internal charges and overheads applied	3,117	3,146	3,152	
Other operating funding applications	-	-	-	
Total applications of operating funding (B)	8,773	8,910	8,585	
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	6,689	6,976	7,276	
		9,010	7,270	
Sources of capital funding Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	2,145	2,130	692	
Development and financial contributions	2,145	2,130	092	
Increase (decrease) in debt	_	_	_	
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	_	_	_	
Lump sum contributions	_	_	_	
Other dedicated capital funding	_	_	_	
Total sources of capital funding (C)	2,145	2,130	692	
Application of capital funding	·	,		
Capital expenditure				
- to meet additional demand	_	_	_	
- to improve the level of service	6,117	6,068	2,102	
- to improve the level of service	1,504	1,357	1,349	
Increase (decrease) in reserves	1,213	1,681	4,517	
Increase (decrease) of investments		1,001	4,317	
Total applications of capital funding (D)	8,834	9,106	7,968	
Total applications of capital funding (D)	0,034	3,100	7,300	
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(6,689)	(6,976)	(7,276)	
Funding balance ((A-B)+(C-D))	-	-	-	

Stormwater and Land Drainage – Funding impact statement

Stormwater and Land Drainage	Long-term Plan		Annual Plan
	2015/16	2016/17	2016/17
	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)
Sources of operating funding			
General Rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties	3,345	3,432	3,092
Targeted Rates	-	-	-
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	-	-	-
Fees and charges	-	-	-
Internal charges and overheads recovered	-	-	-
Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts	12	13	13
Total operating funding (A)	3,357	3,445	3,105
Applications of operating funding			
Payments to staff and suppliers	464	473	465
Finance Cost	753	783	634
Internal charges and overheads applied	739	763 758	751
	759	736	/31
Other operating funding applications Total applications of operating funding (B)	1 056	2 014	1 950
Total applications of operating funding (b)	1,956	2,014	1,850
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	1,401	1,431	1,255
Sources of capital funding			
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	-	-	_
Development and financial contributions	_	_	_
Increase (decrease) in debt	_	_	_
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	_	_	_
Lump sum contributions	_	_	_
Other dedicated capital funding	-	-	_
Total sources of capital funding (C)	-	-	-
Application of capital funding			
Capital expenditure			
- to meet additional demand	-	-	-
- to improve the level of service	-	-	-
- to replace existing assets	2,312	2,040	2,028
Increase (decrease) in reserves	(911)	(609)	(773)
Increase (decrease) of investments	-	-	-
Total applications of capital funding (D)	1,401	1,431	1,255
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(1,401)	(1,431)	(1,255)
Funding balance ((A-B)+(C-D))	-	-	-

Waste Management – Funding impact statement

Waste Management	Long-ter	m Plan	Annual Plar
	2015/16	2016/17	2016/17
	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000
Sources of operating funding			
General Rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties	462	-	1,063
Targeted Rates	4,140	4,257	4,252
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	-	-	400
Fees and charges	385	398	290
Internal charges and overheads recovered	1,213	1,244	-
Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts	1,889	1,955	200
Total operating funding (A)	8,089	7,854	6,205
Applications of operating funding			
Payments to staff and suppliers	3,752	3,284	4,905
Finance Cost	908	919	841
Internal charges and overheads applied	3,429	3,516	459
Other operating funding applications	- -	-	-
Total applications of operating funding (B)	8,089	7,719	6,205
	-	·	·
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	-	135	-
Sources of capital funding			
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	414	-	-
Development and financial contributions	_	-	_
Increase (decrease) in debt	_	-	-
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	_	-	-
Lump sum contributions	_	_	_
Other dedicated capital funding	_	-	_
Total sources of capital funding (C)	414	-	-
Application of capital funding			
Capital expenditure			
- to meet additional demand	-	-	-
- to improve the level of service	-	-	-
- to replace existing assets	1,275	-	-
ncrease (decrease) in reserves	(861)	135	-
Increase (decrease) of investments	-	-	-
Total applications of capital funding (D)	414	135	-
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	-	(135)	-
		` '	
Funding balance ((A-B)+(C-D))	-	-	-

Water Supplies – Funding impact statement

Water Supplies	Long-ter	m Plan	Annual Plan
	2015/16	2016/17	2016/17
	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)
Sources of operating funding			
General Rates, uniform annual charges, rates penalties			
Targeted Rates	8,290	8,525	8,480
Subsidies and grants for operating purposes	-	-	-
Fees and charges	6	6	6
Internal charges and overheads recovered	423	433	426
Local Authorities, fuel tax, fines, infringements fees and other receipts	283	293	295
Total operating funding (A)	9,002	9,257	9,207
Applications of operating funding			
Payments to staff and suppliers	2,314	2,364	2,299
Finance Cost	562	587	532
Internal charges and overheads applied	4,244	4,306	4,299
Other operating funding applications	-	-	-
Total applications of operating funding (B)	7,120	7,257	7,130
Surplus (deficit) of operating funding (A-B)	1,882	2,000	2,077
Sources of capital funding			
Subsidies and grants for capital expenditure	-	-	-
Development and financial contributions	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in debt	-	-	-
Gross proceeds from sale of assets	-	-	-
Lump sum contributions	-	-	-
Other dedicated capital funding	-	-	
Total sources of capital funding (C)	-	-	-
Application of capital funding			
Capital expenditure			
- to meet additional demand	-	-	-
- to improve the level of service	1,414	1,020	1,014
- to replace existing assets	1,656	1,458	1,449
Increase (decrease) in reserves	(1,188)	(478)	(386)
Increase (decrease) of investments	-	-	-
Total applications of capital funding (D)	1,882	2,000	2,077
Surplus (deficit) of capital funding (C-D)	(1,882)	(2,000)	(2,077)
	, , ,	.,,	(, = = /
Funding balance ((A-B)+(C-D))	-	-	-

Financial Prudence Regulations

What is the purpose of this statement?

The purpose of this statement is to disclose the council's planned financial performance in relation to various benchmarks to enable the assessment of whether the council is prudently managing its revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, and general financial dealings.

Rates affordability benchmark

The council meets the rates affordability benchmark if-

- Its planned rates income equals or is less than each quantified limit on rates; and
- Its planned rates increases equal or are less than each quantified limit on rates increases.

Rates (income) affordability

The councils planned rates with a quantified limit on rates contained in the financial strategy included in this long-term plan. The quantified limit is rates as a proportion of total revenue is less than 80%.

Rates (increases) affordability

The council's planned rates increases with a quantified limit on rates increases contained in the financial strategy included in this long-term plan. The quantified limit is a one-off 7% increase in the first year, and from year two onwards at the prevailing rate of inflation applied to our cost base.

Debt affordability benchmark

The council meets the debt affordability benchmark if its planned borrowing is within each quantified limit on borrowing.

The council's planned debt with a quantified limit on borrowing contained in the financial strategy included in this long-term plan. The quantified limit is that total debt will be lower than 175% of total income.

Balanced budget benchmark

The council's planned revenue (excluding development contributions, vested assets, gains on derivative financial instruments and revaluations of property, plant, or equipment).

The council meets the balanced budget benchmark if its planned revenue equals or is greater than its planned operating expenses.

Essential services benchmark

The council's planned capital expenditure on network services as a proportion of expected depreciation on network services. The council meets the essential services benchmark if its planned capital expenditure on network services equals or is greater than expected depreciation on network services.

Debt servicing benchmark

The council's planned borrowing costs as a proportion of planned revenue (excluding development contributions, financial contributions, vested assets, gains on derivative financial instruments, and revaluations of property, plant, or equipment).

Because Statistics New Zealand projects the council's population will grow more slowly than the national population is projected to grow, it meets the debt servicing benchmark it its planned borrowing costs equal or are less than 10% of its planned revenue.

The benchmarks and limits are shown in the table below:

Disclosure statement					
Benchmark		Limit	Planned	Met	
Rates				Yes	
- Income	Rates as a proportion of too is less than 80%	tal revenue	76%		
- Increases	Prevailing rate of inflation cost base	applied to	1.90%		
Debt afford	lability benchmark	175%	143%	Yes	
Balanced b	udget benchmark	100%	100%	Yes	
Essential se	ervices benchmark	100%	98%	No	
Debt service	ing benchmark	10%	7%	Yes	

Reserve Fund Statements

Self-Funding Reserves

Self-funding reserves are reserves established at Council's will for activities that will generate enough revenue over time to cover the cost of their operation.

Council Created Reserves

Council created reserves are established by Council resolution. Transfers to and from these reserves is at the discretion of Council.

The Reporoa and Waikite Domain reserves were established to account for the domain board committee current account balances. These were established when the Reserves Act came into effect. The reserve recognises a future call on funding towards improvements to various categories of capital assets; for example the Waikite Domain reserve assists with development of Waikite Hot Pools.

Restricted Reserves

Restricted reserves are subject to specific conditions either set by legislation, trust or bequests and the purpose may not be changed without reference to the courts of a third party.

Reserve Development - Section 108 of the Resource Management Act 1991 requires funds to be set aside for the development of reserves.

Creative New Zealand Reserve - Funds held and used in accordance with the policies of organisations external to Council; for example RLC allocates funds on behalf of creative NZ on application for funding. Funding rounds occur approximately two times per year dependent on funds.

	Opening Balance 1 July			Closing Balance 30 June
	2016 (\$000)	Deposits (\$000)	Withdrawals (\$000)	2017 (\$000)
Self Funding Reserve				
Pensioner Housing	1,772	419	28	2,163
Total Self Funding Reserve	1,772	419	28	2,163
Council Created Reserves				
Reporoa Domain	66	-	=	66
Waikite Domain	26	-	=	26
Total Council Created Reserves	92	-	-	92
Restricted Reserves				
Reserves Development	1,684	213	260	1,636
Creative NZ Reserve	20	53	53	20
Total Restricted Reserves	1,704	265	313	1,656
Grand Total	3,568	684	341	3,911

Funding and policies

Rates funding impact statement

Rates for 2016/17

All figures stated do not include GST.

Amounts to be collected are stated prior to remissions.

To be read in conjunction with the Revenue and Financing policy.

GENERAL RATES

General rate on capital value

Council sets a general rate on capital value on a differential basis, assessed on all rateable land in the district. The general rate funds that part of the general revenues of Council that is not funded by the uniform annual general charge.

The relationship between the differential categories for the general rate and the indicative rate per dollar of capital value is:

Diff	erential categories	Relative differentials	Rate per \$ of capital value
			2016/17
1	General Rate – Base	1.0	0.002720
2	General Rate – Rural Residential	0.955	0.002598
3	General Rate – Business	1.72	0.004679

The amount to be collected for 2016/17 is \$36,534,000.

Definition of differential categories for the general rate on capital value

Base: Every property not otherwise categorised.

Rural Residential: Every property in the rural sector which is not more than five hectares in area and used for residential purposes.

Business: Every property which is:

- a) used for any business or industrial purpose.
- b) vacant land which is not zoned residential or rural.

This category includes utilities but does not include Rotorua Lakes Council utilities or residential investment properties, regardless of the number of units, provided they are let for long term tenancies.

Uniform annual general charge

Council sets a uniform annual general charge as a fixed amount of \$509.50 per rateable rating unit.

The UAGC is for the purposes of, but not necessarily limited to, funding the following types of activities:

- Governance & Strategic Direction
- District Library
- Aquatic Centre
- Rotorua Museum (part)
- Events & Venues (part)
- Cemeteries and crematorium
- Animal Control
- Emergency Management/Rural Fire

The UAGC is set at a level that is determined by Council each year, subject to the maximum allowed under Section 21 of the Local Government (Rating) Act 2002.

The amount to be collected for 2016/17 is \$14,306,000.

TARGETED RATES

Targeted rate for lakes enhancement

Council sets a targeted rate for lakes enhancement as a fixed amount of \$17.32 per rating unit, on all rateable land in the district excluding rating units within the Environment Waikato region.

The rate is to contribute to lakes enhancement by way of improving water quality.

The amount to be collected for 2016/17 is \$462,000.

Targeted rates for business and economic development

Council sets 2 targeted rates to fund business and economic development on all rating units in the specified categories including vacant land that is in one of the three differential categories below because the underlying district plan zoning or district valuation roll category for the land indicates the differential categories apply (except Kaingaroa Village rating unit 07010 514 01A and Rotorua Lakes Council utilities), contributing to the cost of:

- Economic Projects
- Destination Rotorua Marketing
- Tourism Rotorua Travel and Information Centre

The relationship between the three differential categories for the purposes of setting these targeted rates in terms of the total revenue to be gathered has been set as follows:

		Revenue gathering split for the Business and Economic Development
		targeted rates
1.	Business	80%
2	Industrial	10%
3.	Farming	10%
Tot	al revenue to be generated	100%

The amount to be collected for 2016/17 is \$5,686,000.

a) Council will set a targeted rate as a fixed amount per rateable rating unit, on a differential basis as set out in the table below:

Differential categories	Relative differentials %	Rate per rating unit \$
Business Urban and Rural	100	186.59
Industrial	100	186.59
Farming	25	46.65

• Where part of a rating unit is secondary to the principal use and is for the business of providing short-term accommodation the rate will be charged on the basis of 100% of the targeted rate where 1 or more bedrooms are used for providing short-term accommodation.

b) In addition, Council will set a targeted rate in the dollar on capital value set on a differential basis for the following categories of properties, as follows:

	Revenue to be	Rate per \$ of
Differential categories	collected \$	capital value
Business Urban and Rural	4,330,000	0.00314
Industrial	450,000	0.000897
Farming	489,000	0.000173

- The differentiated targeted rate in the dollar on capital value will be set on every rating unit where either:
 - the principal use of that rating unit falls into one of the three categories described below, or
 - part of the rating unit has a significant secondary use that falls into one of the categories described except where that use is the business of providing short-term accommodation.

This rate will apply only to the part of the rating unit allocated to the appropriate category.

Definition of differential categories for the business and economic development targeted rates

Business, Urban and Rural: Every property in the urban or rural sector and is used for any business purpose except industrial. This category includes utilities and their networks.

Industrial: Every property that has been categorised in the District Valuation Roll as being used for industrial purposes in accordance with the Rating Valuation Rules 2008.

Farming: Every property which is used for farming purposes

Notes:

"Providing short-term accommodation" for the purposes of this rate includes the provision of accommodation such as a B&B, lodge, retreat, farm stay or homestay or the provision of other similar short-term accommodation."

Targeted rate for lakes community board

Council sets a lakes community board targeted rate as a fixed amount of \$ 21.50 per rateable rating unit that is wholly or partially within the area shown on Map A (defined by the 2006 decision of the Local Government Commission, comprising the area delineated on SO Plan No.379278). The rate funds the Lakes Community Board costs.

The amount to be collected for 2016/17 is \$54,000.

Targeted rate for refuse collection

Council sets a targeted rate for refuse collection on a differential basis, based on the location of the rating unit (if it is in one of the service areas shown in Map B or Map C) excluding vacant sections and the provision or availability of the service. The rate is set as an amount per separately used or inhabited part of a rating unit and the extent of provision of the service.

The relationship between the differential categories for the refuse collection rates and the amount of the rate for the 2016/17 year is as follows:

Refuse Collection	Relative differentials (%)	2016/17 Rate \$ per SUIP
The total amount to be collected in 2016/17 is \$4,218,000		
Urban (weekly collection)	100	144.70
Urban (CBD twice-weekly collection)	200	289.40
Rural (weekly collection)	104	150.49
Serviceable	50	72.35

Definition of differential categories for the refuse collection rates

Serviceable: where the service is available, but the ratepayer has nominated in writing not to receive delivery of Council rubbish bags.

Notes

Council reserve tenants will have the option of purchasing council refuse bags if they wish to use the collection service.

Targeted rates for water supply

Council sets targeted rates for water supply to properties within the service areas shown on the rating maps in this funding impact statement based on the location of the rating unit and the provision or availability to the land of a water supply.

The targeted rates for water supply are as follows:

Water supply (except Kaharoa and Reporoa) (Service areas shown on Map D, Map E, Map F, Map G, Map H, Map I)	Relative differentials (%)	Factor of liability	2016/17 Rate \$
The amount to be collected is \$8,447,000 (Metered water \$3,362,000; General water rate \$4,280,000)			
A differential targeted rate of:			
 A fixed amount on each separately used or inhabited part of a rating unit connected (and not metered) 	100	Per SUIP	214.76
 A fixed amount on each serviceable rating unit capable of connection. 	50	Per rating unit	107.38
 A fixed amount on each connection to a rating unit (and metered) 	100	Per connection	214.76
 A targeted rate on each metered connection to a rating unit of a fixed amount per cubic metre supplied in excess of 56 cubic metres per quarter. 		Per cubic metre	0.9528
Kaharoa (Service areas shown on Map J)			
The amount to be collected is \$234,000			
A targeted rate of a fixed amount per connection to a rating unit.		Per connection	260.95
A targeted rate on each metered connection to a rating unit of a		Per cubic	.3363
fixed amount per cubic metre supplied to the rating unit.		metre	
Reporoa (Service areas shown on Map K)	Relative differentials (%)	Factor of liability	2016/17 Rate \$
The amount to be collected is \$571,000			
A differential targeted rate:			
 A fixed amount per connection on each Domestic/Non- Farming rating unit connected 	64	Per connection	152.94
 A fixed amount per connection on each Farming/Dairy- Factory rating unit connected. 	100	Per connection	238.98
A differential targeted rate:			
 A fixed amount on each metered connection to a Domestic/Non-Farming rating unit per cubic metre supplied in excess of the 82 cubic metres per quarter. 	100	Per cubic metre	.4596
 A fixed amount on each metered connection to a Farming/Dairy-Factory rating unit per cubic metre supplied in excess of 207 cubic metres per quarter. 	64	Per cubic metre	.2941

Definition of differential categories for the water supply rates

Connected rating unit: is one to which water is supplied from a council water supply service.

Serviceable rating unit: is one to which water is not provided, but the whole, or some part of the rating unit is within 100 metres of a council water supply service and is within a water supply area and could be effectively connected to that water supply service.

For the Reporoa water supply:

Domestic/non-farming rating unit: means a rating unit where the water supply is not subject to water allocation and a corresponding restriction on a flow or time basis. This applies to rating units primarily for domestic, commercial or industrial use excluding the Reporoa Dairy Factory.

Farming/dairy factory rating unit: means a rating unit primarily for farming of livestock and also includes the Reporoa Dairy Factory. Such rating units are subject to a daily water allocation restricted on a flow or time basis.

Notes:

Targeted rates for metered supply are invoiced quarterly by separate invoice.

Leakage: In respect of all metered water supply, where leakage is detected, the amount of water supplied will be determined in accordance with Council's procedure relating to account reassessments.

Targeted rates for sewage disposal

Council sets targeted rates for sewage collection and disposal to properties within the service areas shown on Map L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W and X on a differential basis, based on the provision or availability to the land of sewage disposal services, as follows:

Se	werage Disposal	Relative differentials (%)	Factor of liability	2016/17 Rate \$
Th	e amount to be collected is \$13,451,000			
1.	Rating unit connected:			
	Category 1 - means the rating units with 1 to 4 toilets (water closets or urinals)	100	Per WC/urinal	396.09
	Category 2 - means the rating units with 5 to 10 toilets (water closets or urinals)	85	Per WC/urinal	336.67
	Category 3 - means the rating units with 11 or more toilets (water closets or urinals)	80	Per WC/urinal	316.87
2.	Serviceable - means the rating units which are serviceable rating units.	50	Per rating unit	198.04

Definition of differential categories and other definitions for the sewage disposal rates

Connected rating unit: means a rating unit from which sewage is collected either directly or by private drain to a public sewerage system.

Serviceable rating unit: means a rating unit from which sewage is not collected but the rating unit (or part) is within 30 metres of Council's sewerage system and could be effectively connected to the sewerage scheme.

WC/urinal: means: a) a water closet; or b) each 1.5 metres or part thereof of urinal; or c) from 1 to 4 wall mounted urinettes.

Category 1: means the rating units with 1 to 4 toilets.

Category 2: means the rating units with 5 to 10 toilets.

Category 3: means the rating units with 11 or more toilets.

Note: a rating unit used primarily as a residence for 1 household will be treated as having only 1 water closet or urinal

Targeted Rates for Urban Sewerage Development

Council sets targeted rate for urban sewerage development rate on all rateable land in the area shown on Map Y as a fixed amount of \$2.85 per rating unit.

The rate funds the cost of sewerage capital work in the Ngongotaha, Fairy Springs and Hinemoa Point areas.

The amount to be collected in 2016/17 is \$62,000.

Targeted rates for connection to sewerage schemes

Council sets separate targeted rates for connecting properties to the following sewerage schemes:

Mourea (Service areas shown on Map M)	Factor of liability	2016/17 Rate \$
The amount to be collected is \$7,300		
A fixed amount on each household unit equivalent (HUE)	Per HUE	228.31
Hinemoa Point (Service areas shown on Map N)		
The amount to be collected is \$4,200		
A fixed amount on each household unit equivalent (HUE)	Per HUE	137.49

The rate funds the private connection costs of rating units that have not connected to the reticulation network within a reasonable timeframe. The rate is for the equalised cost of connection applied to those properties where the works have been undertaken. The present sewerage schemes to which this rate relates are Mourea and Hinemoa Point. This rate is separate to and in addition to the capital cost contribution for the relevant scheme.

Targeted Rates for Capital Cost of Sewerage Schemes

Council sets separate targeted rates for the capital costs of the following sewerage schemes:

- Okawa Bay
- Mourea
- Marama Point
- Amora Lake Resort
- Hinemoa Point
- Brunswick
- Brunswick stages 4 and 6
- Rotokawa
- Lake Okareka/Blue lake
- Okere Falls/Otaramarae/Whangamarino
- Paradise Valley
- Hamurana/Awahou
- Waikuta Marae

The rating units liable for this rate are those in the service areas as identified below.

Amora Lake Resort (Rating unit 06961 052 00) The amount to be collected is \$12,250	Factor of liability	2016/17 Rate \$
A fixed amount per rating unit	Per rating unit	12,250.34
Brunswick Stages 4 and 6 (Service areas shown on Map P)		
The amount to be collected is \$9,659		
A fixed amount on each household unit equivalent (HUE)	Per HUE	292.74
Brunswick (Service areas shown on Map Q)		
The amount to be collected is \$54,254		
A fixed amount on each household unit equivalent (HUE)	Per HUE	609.49
Hamurana/Awahou (Service areas shown on Map R)		

The amount to be collected is \$125,566		
A fixed amount on each household unit equivalent (HUE)	Per HUE	426.08
Hinemoa Point (Service areas shown on Map N)		
The amount to be collected is \$24,515		
A fixed amount on each household unit equivalent (HUE)	Per HUE	495.25
Lake Okareka/Blue Lake (Service areas shown on Map S)		
The amount to be collected is \$166,857		
A fixed amount on each household unit equivalent (HUE)	Per HUE	897.09
Marama Point (Service areas shown on Map T)		
The amount to be collected is \$14,691		
A fixed amount on each household unit equivalent (HUE)	Per HUE	233.20
Mourea (Service areas shown on Map M)		
The amount to be collected is \$27,562		
A fixed amount on each household unit equivalent (HUE)	Per HUE	291.67
Okawa Bay (Service areas shown on Map O)		
The amount to be collected is \$8,634		
A fixed amount on each household unit equivalent (HUE)	Per HUE	454.46
Okere Falls / Otaramarae / Whangamarino (Service areas shown		
on Map U)		
The amount to be collected is \$98,812		
A fixed amount on each household unit equivalent (HUE)	Per HUE	404.47
Paradise Valley (Service areas shown on		
Map V)		
The amount to be collected is \$4,886		
A fixed amount on each household unit equivalent (HUE)	Per HUE	375.85
Rotokawa (Service areas shown on		
Map W)		
The amount to be collected is \$34,209		
A fixed amount on each household unit equivalent (HUE)	Per HUE	187.96
Waikuta Marae (Service areas shown on Map X)		
The amount to be collected is \$2,136		
A fixed amount on each household unit equivalent (HUE)	Per HUE	356.14

These rates fund the capital cost of establishing the schemes over 25 years.

The targeted rates for the respective sewerage schemes are applied only to those properties that have not taken the opportunity to pay their contribution towards the capital costs as an informal single lump sum payment (where available). Those ratepayers who have made or make an informal single lump sum payment will not be liable for the sewerage scheme capital cost targeted rate. Payments of informal single lump sum payments must be received by 15 June prior to 1 July of the first financial year that Council charges a targeted rate for capital costs for the respective sewerage scheme. The option for ratepayers to settle the residual amount of their share of the capital cost of their particular scheme will be available throughout the remaining term of the targeted rate i.e. anytime during the 25 years. This ability exists for all schemes and is provided through a specific remission policy included elsewhere in this plan.

For future developments or connections Council reserves the right to select the funding mechanism(s) that will be used. This may include either of the options referred to above i.e. assessing a targeted rate over a 25 year term or inviting a capital payment before the service connection is completed.

Definitions for the sewerage rates

Nominated rating units: means properties which existed as rating units at the date of commissioning each scheme. Household unit equivalent (HUE): means a household equivalent to enable industrial, commercial and multiple dwelling developments to be included in the calculations. It is used to convert industrial, commercial and multiple dwelling developments to a household equivalent equating to a single dwelling. Where used as the factor to determine a rating unit's liability for a rate, HUE corresponds to the extent of provision of the service to the rating unit as objectively measured by the floor area calculation noted below.

A minimum of one HUE will apply to all nominated rating units including those where no building exists i.e are vacant. Where multiple dwellings exists, each household unit additional to the primary dwelling will be assessed on the following basis:

Floor Area of Additional Household Unit	% Charge/HUE
Less than 40m ²	No charge*
40m ² to less than 60m ²	50% HUE
60m ² to less than 70m ²	60% HUE
70m ² to less than 80m ²	70% HUE
80m ² to less than 90m ²	80% HUE
90m ² to less than 100m ²	90% HUE
100m ² or greater	100% HUE or 1 HUE

The first additional household unit of less than 40m² will not attract a separate sewerage capital targeted rate or voluntary contribution charge. Any further household units of less than 40m² will be assessed a sewerage capital targeted rate or voluntary contribution charge of 50% HUE. All subsequent dwellings constructed after the completion of a sewerage scheme will be charged a capital contribution targeted rate or voluntary contribution towards the sewerage scheme calculated on the same basis.

Definition of separately used or inhabited part of a rating unit

Separately used or inhabited part (SUIP): means any separately used or inhabited part of a rating unit including any part of a rating unit that is or is able to be used or inhabited by the ratepayer or by any other person or body having a right to use or inhabit that part by virtue of tenancy, lease, licence or other agreement.

Voluntary Lump Sum Capital Contributions

Council had set amounts for ratepayers who elected to pay one-off voluntary lump sum capital contributions for the capital cost of sewerage schemes.

Lump sum options for all current schemes have expired, however ratepayers may still choose to settle their outstanding contribution at any time. Council offers a specific remission policy for this purpose.

Except as stated above, the Council will not accept lump sum contributions in respect of any targeted rate.

Rates Postponement

To cover costs, the following fees and charges are set for the 2016/17 rating year. All fees and charges for this will be added as either a one-off or annual charge as the case may be, to the approved applicants rate account.

Initial Charges - One-Off (plus GST at the prevailing rate)	Charging Unit	2016/17		
Application Fee	One-Off	\$88.89		
Contribution to Counselling	One-Off \$25			
Half Year Interest Charges				
Interest calculated on councils marginal borrowing rate 6 monthly on all amounts outstanding				
Annual Charges (plus GST at the prevailing rate)				
Annual Account Fee	Annual	\$44.44		
Administration Fee	Annual	1.0%		
Reserve Fund Fee	Annual	0.25%		
Property Insurance *	Annual	TBA		

^{*} Property Insurance: A ratepayer must submit a current insurance certificate annually. If the ratepayer cannot afford separate cover council will arrange cover, and the cost will be added to the balance of postponed rates.

Due dates for payment of rates

All rates excluding targeted rates for metered water supply will be payable in four instalments by the due dates, as follows:

Instalment	Due Date	Penalty Date
Instalment Number 1	20 August 2016	22 August 2016
Instalment Number 2	20 November 2016	21 November 2016
Instalment Number 3	20 February 2017	21 February 2017
Instalment Number 4	20 May 2017	22 May 2017

Targeted rates for metered water supply charged quarterly (separately) will be payable within 30 days of invoice.

Discount for Prompt Payment

A discount, at a rate set annually, is allowed to any ratepayer who pays the total rates, charges, and levies as specified on the rates assessment (excluding targeted rates for metered water supply charged quarterly), by the due date for the first instalment. The discount for 2016/17 is 2.0 %.

Penalties on unpaid rates

Current overdue rates instalments:

A penalty will be added to any part of an instalment that remains unpaid after the due date for payment of the instalment on the penalty dates above. The penalty will be 10% of the unpaid instalment.

Arrears of rates (including past instalments):

- A further penalty of 10% will be added on 1 July 2016 to rates assessed in any previous financial year and which remain unpaid on 30 June 2016.
- A further penalty of 10% will be added on 4 January 2017 to rates assessed in any previous financial year, plus any previous further penalty, and which remain unpaid on 30 December 2016.

Note: . Penalties will not be applied to rating units approved by the Chief Financial Officer in cases where:

- applying penalties would serve to be detrimental to the collection of all or part of the balance of the outstanding rates; or
- applying penalties would only add to what is deemed to be an uncollectable debt; or
- there is a Direct Debit authority to pay the full amount of rates owing by regular payments within the current rating year, and any default is promptly rectified.
- Land is designated 'Maori Freehold land title'; and
 - Is under multiple ownership; and
 - Is unoccupied

Penalties on unpaid water invoices

Current overdue invoices for water supply charged quarterly:

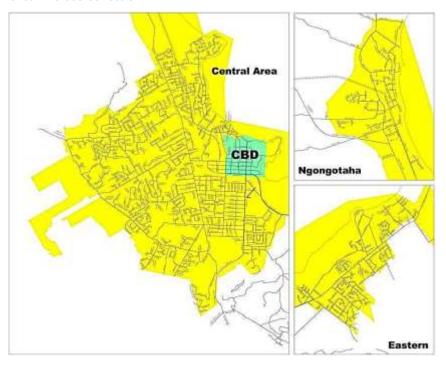
A penalty will be added to any part of an invoice that remains unpaid after the due date for payment of the invoice. The penalty will be 10% of the unpaid invoice and applied 2 working days after the due date.

Rating maps

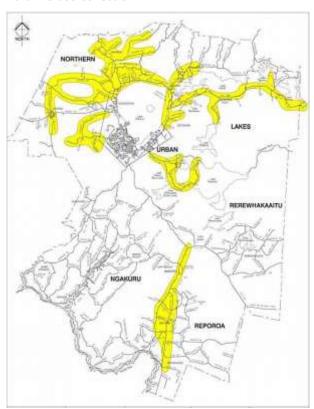
Map A **Rotorua Lakes Community Board**



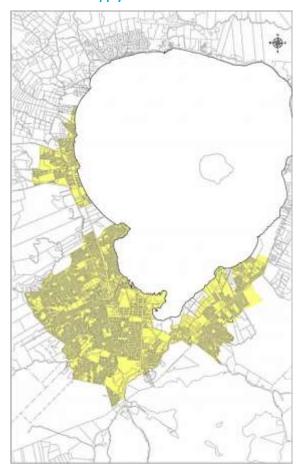
Map B **Urban Refuse Collection**



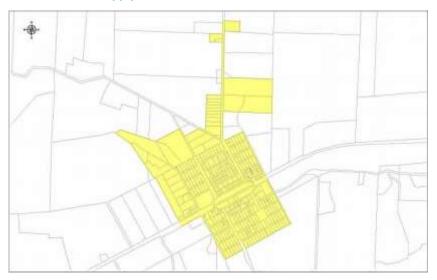
Map C Rural Refuse Collection



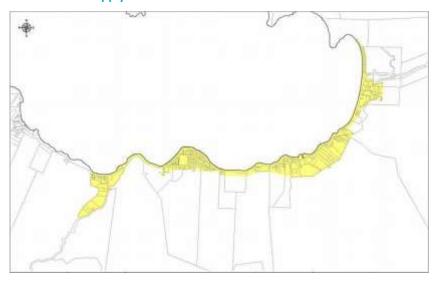
Map D **Urban Water Supply**



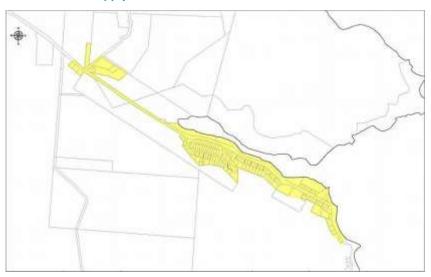
Map E **Mamaku Water Supply**



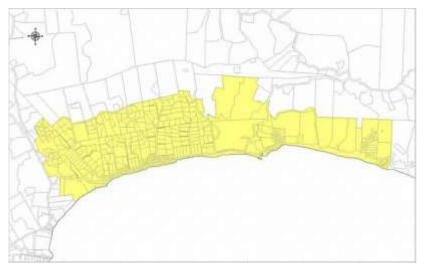
Map F **Rotoiti Water Supply**



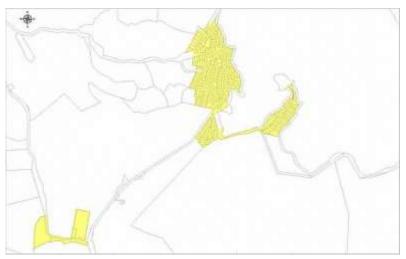
Map G Rotoma Water Supply



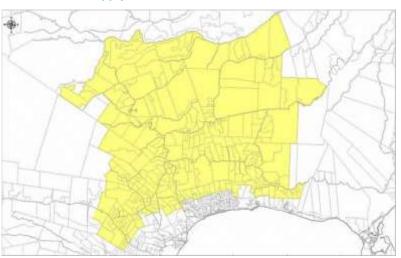
Map H **Hamurana Water Supply**



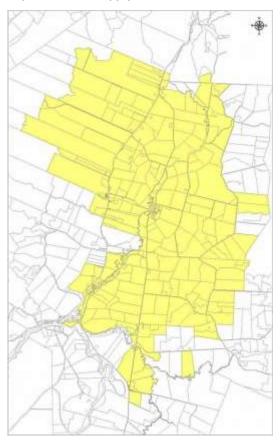
Map I Okareka Water Supply



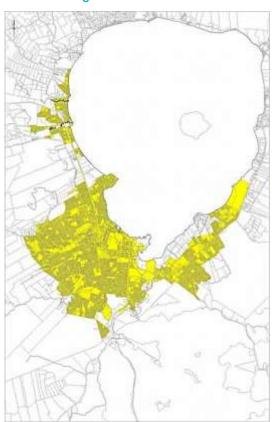
Map J **Kaharoa Water Supply**



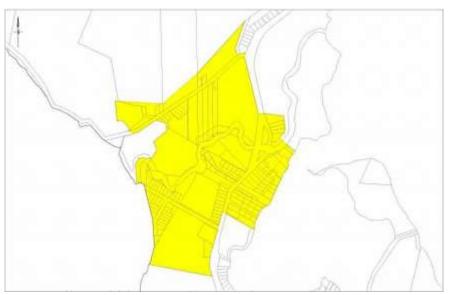
Map K **Reporoa Water Supply**



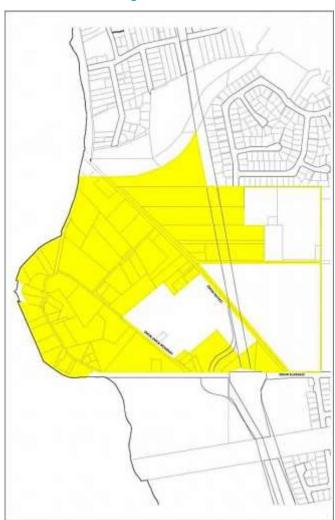
Map L **Urban Sewerage**



Map M **Mourea Sewerage Scheme**



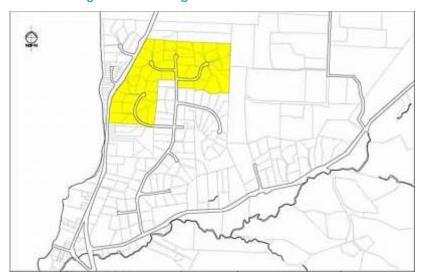
Map N **Hinemoa Point Sewerage Scheme**



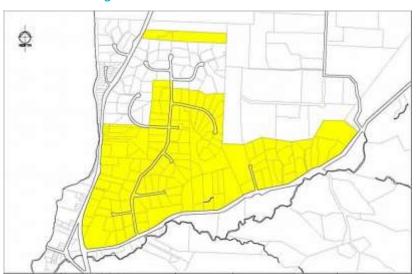
Map O Okawa Bay, Amora Lake Resort Sewerage Scheme



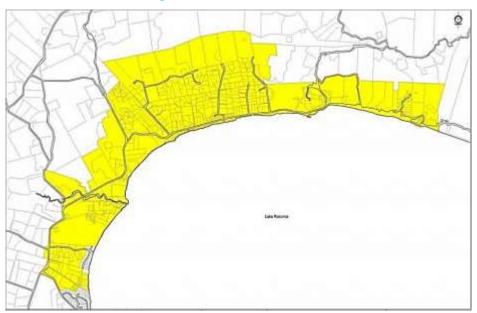
Map P **Brunswick Stages 4 & 6 Sewerage Scheme**



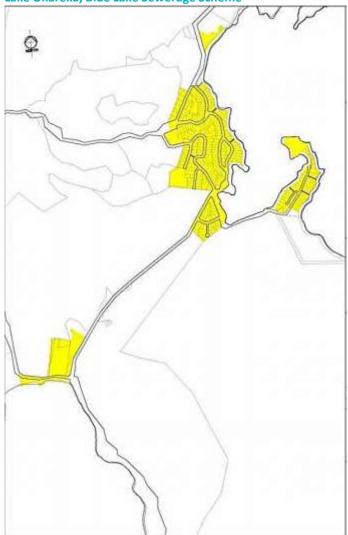
Map Q **Brunswick Sewerage Scheme**



Map R Hamurana/Awahou Sewerage Scheme



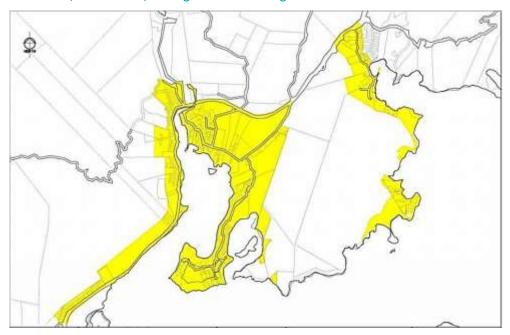
Map S Lake Okareka, Blue Lake Sewerage Scheme



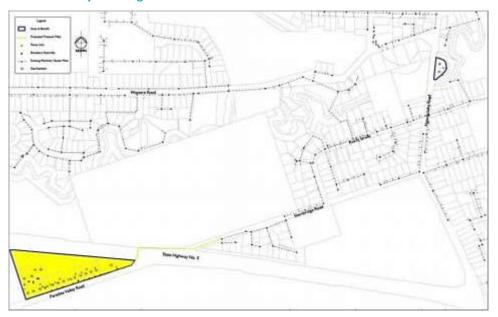
Map T **Marama Point Sewerage Scheme**



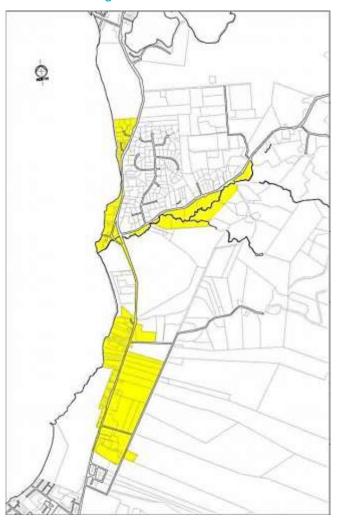
Map U Okere Falls, Otaramarae, Whangamarino Sewerage Scheme



Map V Paradise Valley Sewerage Scheme



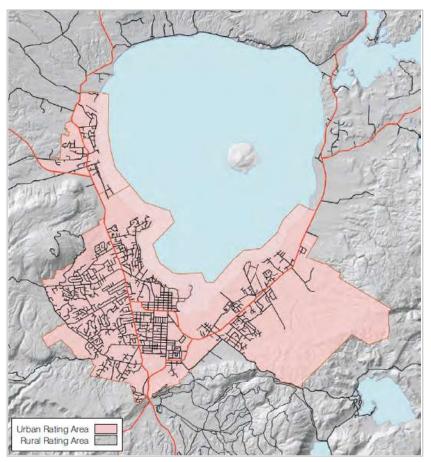
Map W Rotokawa Sewerage Scheme



Map X Waikuta Marae Sewerage Scheme



Map Y **Rotorua Urban Rating Boundary**



Definitions

The term:

"Business purpose" means any purpose of commerce, trade, or industry; but does not include any farming purpose.

"Farming purpose" means used for agricultural, horticultural or pastoral or forestry purposes or the keeping of bees or poultry or other livestock.

"Property" means, either the part or the whole of any rating unit (as the case may be) used for a particular purpose. (Explanatory note: The intention is that where different parts of a property that constitute a rating unit are being used for different purposes, they may be rated differently).

"Residential purposes" means occupied or intended to be occupied for the residence of any household being a residential unit including holiday homes that may be let for short-term periods not exceeding 100 days per annum. Kaingaroa Village on rating unit 07010 514 01A will be treated as entirely "residential" for all rates within this funding impact statement even though it comprises elements of other categories.

"Rural Sector" means the part of the Rotorua District which is not the Urban Sector.

"Urban Sector" means the area as shown on the map titled Rotorua Urban Rating Boundary (Map L) and contained in the rating maps section of this funding impact statement (a larger copy is available at the Council Civic Centre). The boundary has been set to recognise the urban growth trends and where properties have similar access to services (but not necessarily the same). This boundary will be reviewed from time to time as necessary to accommodate changes to the above and follows rating unit boundaries rather than dissecting properties.

"Utilities" being all rating units situated within the Rotorua District that have been identified by the Valuer General as infrastructure utility networks.

"Vacant Land" means land which is in an undeveloped state and is not being used or occupied for any purpose.

"Zoned" means zoned in accordance with the operative Rotorua District Plan.

Examples of rating impact

Category	CV 2014	Total rates 2015-16	Total rates 2016-17	Increase/ (decrease)	% Increase/ (decrease)
Business					
Lower capital value	\$265,000	\$3,319	\$3,329	\$10	0.3%
Medium capital value	\$442,000	\$4,712	\$4,713	\$1	0.0%
Upper capital value	\$1,100,000	\$8,732	\$8,678	-\$53	-0.6%
Upper capital value	\$2,200,000	\$22,855	\$22,851	-\$4	0.0%
Upper capital value	\$18,970,000	\$221,952	\$222,390	\$438	0.2%
Farming General					
Lower capital value	\$436,000	\$1,780	\$1,818	\$38	2.2%
Lower capital value	\$413,000	\$1,715	\$1,751	\$37	2.1%
Medium capital value	\$742,000	\$2,663	\$2,721	\$58	2.2%
Upper capital value	\$1,180,000	\$3,885	\$3,971	\$86	2.2%
Upper capital value	\$2,880,000	\$8,273	\$8,476	\$203	2.5%
Residential Rural General					
Lower capital value	\$204,000	\$1,174	\$1,229	\$55	4.6%
Medium capital value	\$360,000	\$1,362	\$1,445	\$83	6.1%
Medium capital value	\$445,000	\$1,566	\$1,666	\$100	6.4%
Upper capital value	\$555,000	\$2,404	\$2,537	\$133	5.5%
Upper capital value	\$700,000	\$2,341	\$2,496	\$155	6.6%
Upper capital value	\$1,590,000	\$4,494	\$4,830	\$336	7.5%
Upper capital value	\$2,430,000	\$7,835	\$8,360	\$525	6.7%
Residential Urban General					
Lower capital value	\$178,000	\$1,735	\$1,770	\$35	2.0%
Medium capital value	\$211,000	\$1,823	\$1,859	\$37	2.0%
Upper capital value	\$308,000	\$2,081	\$2,123	\$43	2.1%
Upper capital value	\$500,000	\$2,591	\$2,646	\$54	2.1%
Upper capital value	\$700,000	\$2,913	\$2,975	\$63	2.1%
Upper capital value	\$1,485,000	\$5,394	\$5,512	\$118	2.2%

ROTORUA LAKES COUNCIL Te kaunihera o ngã roto o Rotorua

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